

SOME IMPORTANT TIPS: FEEDING BONES

Your pet's digestive system takes time to adjust to the new diet (fresh foods/BARF). Slowly begin to feed bones after about 4 weeks. Our carcass rolls are ideal to start with because you can easily take out the amount of food needed. I have found that it can take up to several months until bones can be digested properly. You must find out what is the best way to feed your dog its bones. Never feed your dog the raw meaty bones intended for the whole week in one meal!

At the beginning, only feed small amounts of bones. Then check your dog's output for the next one or two days.

Those of you who want to feed both raw foods and industrial dog food I would like to recommend to strictly separate raw meaty bones and industrial dog food. It is best to feed industrial dog food on a different day than bones. It can also cause troubles if you feed kibble in the morning and fresh meat and raw meaty bones in the evening because processed foods are

not easily digested by your pet. Therefore processed food stays in your pet's system much longer.

Bones are said to be hard to digest and therefore they should be fed in the morning or around noon. They should always be fed after the dog/cat has had some meat because meat stimulates stomach acids and thus helps to digest bones better. Feeding pulped vegetables and/or fruit or organ meat like liver also causes softer output.

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If your dog suffers from diarrhea and constipation, try a carrot soup made of unpeeled, extremely well cooked and pulped carrots. This soup regulates the intestines and works wonders with diarrhea and constipation. As an alternative, you may also feed Olewo Pellets.

Dogs that tend to gorge should be fed bigger knuckle bones (only the big round part of the bone, not the long, tubular part). Never leave your dog unattended with such a bone. Allow your dog to chew for a few minutes, then trade the bone in for some treats and keep the bone in your fridge for 1–2 days. Then your dog may get the bone for a short while again. Prevent your dog from chewing the last small – but probably very sharp – piece of bone. It's better to throw it into the bin!

NEVER feed cooked bones because they are prone to splinter. They are brittle and their edges may be really sharp. You also should not feed tubular bones (this includes marrow bones!). The bone from a «parma ham» which is often offered in pet shops can be quite dangerous, I think. Suitable bones are for example: knuckle bones, breast bones, carcasses, poultry necks ...

It goes without saying that dogs should always be monitored when eating raw meaty bones. If you own several dogs it might well be a good idea to feed them their bones in separate rooms. This way you can easily avoid any food aggression issues.

Informations, orders and feeding advice

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